

Dear Incoming Geneva Parents and Students,

Welcome to Geneva Logic School! The LS Humanities Department wants to help your student have smooth transition to our classical and Christian school. To assist your student, we strongly encourage students have a solid foundation in the basic understanding of grammar. This includes a working knowledge of the eight parts of speech as well as their proper definitions. In addition to a working knowledge of grammar, incoming students should be able to write fluidly in legible cursive penmanship. Both skills are crucial to your student's success and transition to Geneva.

To ensure this successful transition, we ask that your student complete the following over the summer break PRIOR to starting classes this fall.

- Cursive Logic Student Book Level 1 & 2 These can be ordered directly from <u>www.cursivelogic.com</u>. Parents, please ensure that students follow the directions for correctly forming and writing cursive. Proper letter formation and automaticity in this skill will save the student much frustration and time during the school year.
- Grammar Packet please see the included Shurley Grammar question answer flow packet and eight parts of speech definition sheet.

We hope you and your student will find these resources helpful as you prepare for the upcoming school year. Please do not hesitate to let us know if you have any questions. We are so looking forward to meeting your students and getting to know them this year!

In Christ,

The Logic School Humanities Department

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STUDENT WORKBOOK

An intelligent new way to teach cursive handwriting

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Grammar Terms and Definitions to Memorize

For Incoming Students to Geneva Logic School

Please memorize the following terms and definitions:

SENTENCES:

1. What is a sentence?

A sentence is a group of words expressing a complete thought.

2. What are the parts of a sentence?

The two parts of the sentence are the subject and predicate.

3. What is a subject?

A subject tells who or what the sentence is about.

4. What is a predicate?

The predicate tells what the subject is or does.

- 5. Give the four types of sentences classified by purpose with definitions.
- a. A DECLARATIVE sentence makes a statement.
- b. An IMPERATIVE sentence gives a command or makes a request.
- c. An INTERROGATIVE sentence asks a question.
- d. An EXCLAMATORY sentence expresses strong feeling.
- 6. Give the eight parts of speech:

The eight parts of speech are: NOUN, PRONOUN, ADJECTIVE, VERB, ADVERB, PREPOSITION, CONJUNCTION, and INTERJECTION.

PARTS of SPEECH

1. What is a noun?

A noun is a word that names a person, place, thing or idea.

2. What is a pronoun?

A pronoun is a word that takes the place of a noun or nouns.

3. What is an adjective?

An adjective is a word that modifies a noun or pronoun. It answers the questions: What kind? Which one? How many?

4. What is a verb?

A verb is a word that shows action or state of being.

5. What is an adverb?

An adverb is a word that modifies a verb, adjective, or another adverb. It answers the questions: How? When? Where? And To what extent?

6. What is a preposition?

A preposition is a word that relates a noun to another part of the sentence.

7. What is a conjunction?

A conjunction is a word that joins words, phrases, or clauses.

8. What is an interjection?

An interjection is a word that expresses strong feeling.

Learning the Question & Answer Flows

These exercises are designed to help you learn how the Question and Answer Flows are constructed in the Parent Help Booklet. In the Question and Answer Flow, a series of oral questions and answers determines the role each word plays in the sentence being analyzed. By using questions for every word in the sentence, your child is able to completely analyze the sentence.

The title at the top of each page will tell you which skill is being introduced. As you can see, it is a gradual process that begins with finding the subject noun and verb. Once a part of speech is introduced, it is not left behind. As each part of speech is learned, it is repeatedly applied in daily exercises throughout the year.

Directions:

- 1. First, read the sentence listed at the top of the Q & A Flow box.
- 2. Next, read the question.

3. Then, write the answer to the question in the blank. Use the sentence at the top of the box to help you answer the question. Work through the remaining questions in the box in the same way. This is called classifying the sentence.

4. Finally, look at the sentence at the bottom of the box. Classify the sentence again, using the same questions and answers in the exact order. But this time, you will label the words in the sentence with the appropriate abbreviations for the parts of speech. (The abbreviations are shown in parentheses in each Question and Answer Flow provided.)

Note: Answer keys are found at the end of this section on pages 16-24. You may also use the Parent Help Booklet as a key.

Introducing the Subject Noun and Verb Level 4

Sentence 1: Candles burned.	
1. What burned?	Subject noun (SN)
2. What is being said about candles?	Verb (V)
Classify this sentence: Candles burned.	
Sentence 2: Children shouted.	
1. Who shouted?	Subject noun (SN)
2. What is being said about children?	Verb (V)
Classify this sentence: Children shouted.	·

Introducing the Adjective, Adverb, and Article Adjective

Sentence 1: The red candles burned brig	ntiy.
What burned brightly?	Subject noun (SN)
2. What is being said about candles?	Verb (V)
3. Burned how?	Adverb (Adv)
4. What kind of candles?	Adjective (Adj)
5Artic	ele adjective (A)
Classify this sentence: The red	candles burned brightly.
Sentence 2: The happy children shouted	loudly.
1. Who shouted loudly?	Subject noun (SN)
2. What is being said about children?	Verb (V)
3. Shouted how?	Adverb (Adv)
4. What kind of children?	Adjective (Adj)
5Artic	ele Adjective (A)
Classify this sentence: The hap	
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday.	
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday?	py children shouted loudly. Subject noun (SN)
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow?	py children shouted loudly. Subject noun (SN)
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow? 3. Fell when?	py children shouted loudly. Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow? 3. Fell when? 4. What kind of snow?	py children shouted loudly. Subject noun (SN) Verb (V) Adverb (Adv)
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow? 3. Fell when? 4. What kind of snow? Classify this sentence: Soft snow	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow? 3. Fell when? 4. What kind of snow? Classify this sentence: Soft snows.	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow? 3. Fell when? 4. What kind of snow? Classify this sentence: Soft snows Sentence 4: A little boy ran away! 1. Who ran away?	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) w fell yesterdaySubject noun (SN)
Classify this sentence: The hap Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow? 3. Fell when? 4. What kind of snow? Classify this sentence: Soft sno Sentence 4: A little boy ran away! 1. Who ran away? 2. What is being said about boy?	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) w fell yesterday. Subject noun (SN)
Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday. 1. What fell yesterday? 2. What is being said about snow? 3. Fell when? 4. What kind of snow? Classify this sentence: Soft snows. Sentence 4: A little boy ran away! 1. Who ran away? 2. What is being said about boy? 3. Ran where?	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) w fell yesterdaySubject noun (SN)Verb (V)

Pattern 1, Complete subject/Complete predicate, End punctuation

What burned brightly?	Subject noun (SN)
2. What is being said about candles?	Verb (V)
3. Burned how?	Adverb (Adv)
4. What kind of candles?	Adjective (Adj)
5Article	e adjective (A)
6. Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN V P1	
7. Period, Statement, Declarative sentence - D	
8. Go back to the	
9. Divide the complete	_from the complete
Classify this sentence: The red	candles burned brightly.
Sentence 2 (page 11): The happy children	shouted loudly
	Subject noun (SN)
	Subject noun (SN)
1. Who shouted loudly?	Subject noun (SN)
Who shouted loudly? What is being said about children?	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)
Who shouted loudly? What is being said about children? Shouted how?	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)
1. Who shouted loudly? 2. What is being said about children? 3. Shouted how? 4. What kind of children?	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) e adjective (A)
1. Who shouted loudly? 2. What is being said about children? 3. Shouted how? 4. What kind of children? 5Article 6. Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN V	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) e adjective (A)
1. Who shouted loudly? 2. What is being said about children? 3. Shouted how? 4. What kind of children? 5Article 6. Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN V P1	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) e adjective (A)
1. Who shouted loudly? 2. What is being said about children? 3. Shouted how? 4. What kind of children? 5Article 6. Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN V P1 7. Period, Statement, Declarative sentence – D	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) e adjective (A)

Pattern 1, Complete subject/Complete predicate, End punctuation

Semence 3.	Soil Show len yesterday.	
1. What fell	yesterday?	_Subject noun (SN)
2. What is b	eing said about snow?	Verb (V)
3. Fell wher	n?	Adverb (Adv)
4. What kind	d of snow?	Adjective (Adj)
5. Subject r	oun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – <u>sn v</u> P1	
6. Period, S	tatement, Declarative sentence – D	
7. Go back	to the	
8. Divide the	e completefrom the complete	•
Classify this	s sentence: Soft snow fell yesterday.	
Sentence 4:	A little boy ran away!	
1. Who ran	away?	
2. What is b	eing said about boy?	
3. Ran wher	re?	Adverb (Adv)
4. What kind	d of boy?	Adjective (Adj)
5	Article adjective (A)	
6. Subject n	oun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – <u>sn v</u> P1	
7. Exclamation	on point, Strong feeling, Exclamatory sentence – E	
8. Go back t	to the	
9. Divide the	e completefrom the complete	•
Classify this	s sentence: A little boy ran away!	

Se	ntence 1: The large brown dusty leaves swirled around qui	3 -
1.	What swirled around quickly?	Subject noun (SN)
2.	What is being said about leaves?	Verb (V)
3.	Swirled where?	Adverb (Adv)
4.	Swirled how?	Adverb (Adv)
5.	What kind of leaves?	Adjective (Adj)
6.	What kind of leaves?	Adjective (Adj)
7.	What kind of leaves?	Adjective (Adj)
8.	Article adjective (A)	
9.	Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – <u>sn v</u>	
10.	Period, Statement, Declarative sentence - D	
11.	Go back to the	
12.	Divide the completefrom the complete	•
Cla	assify this sentence:	•
	The large brown dusty leaves swirled	around quickly.
Se	ntence 2: One tiny gray kitten jumped playfully today.	
1.	ntence 2: One tiny gray kitten jumped playfully today.	Subject noun (SN)
1. 2.	ntence 2: One tiny gray kitten jumped playfully today. What jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten?	Subject noun (SN)
1. 2. 3.	ntence 2: One tiny gray kitten jumped playfully today. What jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten? Jumped how?	Subject noun (SN) Verb (V) Adverb (Adv)
 1. 2. 3. 4. 	what jumped playfully today?	Subject noun (SN) Verb (V) Adverb (Adv) Adverb (Adv)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	what jumped playfully today?	Subject noun (SN) Verb (V) Adverb (Adv) Adverb (Adv) Adjective (Adj)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	what is being said about kitten? Jumped how? Jumped when? What kind of kitten? What kind of kitten?	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) _Adjective (Adj)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	what jumped playfully today?	Subject noun (SN) Verb (V) Adverb (Adv) Adverb (Adv) Adjective (Adj)
 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 	what jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten? Jumped how? Jumped when? What kind of kitten? What kind of kitten? How many kittens? Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check — SN V	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) _Adjective (Adj)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	what jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten? Jumped how? Jumped when? What kind of kitten? What kind of kitten? How many kittens? Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check — SN V P1	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj) _Adjective (Adj)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.	what jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten? Jumped how? Jumped when? What kind of kitten? What kind of kitten? How many kittens? Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check — SN V P1 Period, Statement, Declarative sentence — D	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	what jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten? Jumped how? Jumped when? What kind of kitten? What kind of kitten? How many kittens? Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN V P1 Period, Statement, Declarative sentence – D Go back to the Divide the complete from the complete	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	what jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten? Jumped how? Jumped when? What kind of kitten? What kind of kitten? How many kittens? Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check — SN V P1 Period, Statement, Declarative sentence — D Go back to the Divide the complete from the complete	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	what jumped playfully today? What is being said about kitten? Jumped how? Jumped when? What kind of kitten? What kind of kitten? How many kittens? Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN V P1 Period, Statement, Declarative sentence – D Go back to the Divide the complete from the complete	Subject noun (SN)Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)

2	What raced merrily along?	_Subject noun (SN)
۷.	What is being said about sleds?	Verb (V)
3.	Raced how?	Adverb (Adv)
4.	Raced where?	Adverb (Adv)
5.	What kind of sleds?	Adjective (Adj)
6.	What kind of sleds?	Adjective (Adj)
7.	How many sleds?	Adjective (Adj)
8.	Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – <u>sn v</u>	
9.	Period, Statement, Declarative sentence - D	
10.	Go back to the	
11.	Divide the completefrom the complete	•
Cla	ssify this sentence:	
	Several new red sleds raced merrily	_
Sei	ntence 4: All the frightened animals ran quickly away.	
	What ran quickly away?	
2.		oubject floati (ett)
3	What is being said about animals?	
O.	What is being said about animals?	Verb (V)
		Verb (V) Adverb (Adv)
4.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)
4. 5.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)
4. 5. 6.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)
4. 5. 6. 7.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)
4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)
4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)
4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)
4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.	Ran how?	Verb (V)Adverb (Adv)Adverb (Adv)Adjective (Adj)Adjective (Adj)

Sentence 1: The large brown leaves swifted quickly arc	Juna me yara.
What swirled quickly around the yard?	Subject noun (SN)
What is being said about leaves?	Verb (V)
3. Swirled how?	Adverb (Adv)
4Preposition (P)	
5. Around what?	Object of the preposition (OP)
6Article adjective (A)	
7. What kind of leaves?	
8. What kind of leaves?	Adjective (Adj)
9Article adjective (A)	
10. Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN V P1	
11	Prepositional phrase
12. Period, Statement, Declarative sentence - D	
13. Go back to the	
14. Divide the completefrom the com-	nplete
Classify this sentence:The large brown leaves swirled quid	ckly around the yard.

Question and Answer Flow Section (Preposition and Object of the Preposition)

Sei	itence 2: Several new sleds on th	e hill raced rapidly toward town.	
1.	What raced rapidly toward town?	Subject noun (SN)	
2.	What is being said about sleds?	Verb (V)	
3.	Raced how?	Adverb (Adv)	
4.		_Preposition (P)	
5.	Toward what?	Object of the preposition (OP)	
6.		_Preposition (P)	
7.	On what?	Object of the preposition (OP)	
8.		_Article adjective (A)	
9.	What kind of sleds?	Adjective (Adj)	
10.	How many sleds?	Adjective (Adj)	
11.	Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check-	- <u>SN-V</u> P1	•
12.		Prepositional phrase	
13.		Prepositional phrase	
14.	Period, Statement, Declarative sentence	ce – D	
15.	Go back to the	_·	
16.	Divide the complete	from the complete	
Cla	ssify this sentence: Several new sleds o	on the hill raced rapidly toward town.	

Sei	ntence 1: Yesterday the six frisky	pupples tumbled playfully in the grass.	-
1.	What tumbled playfully in the grass?	Subject no	oun (SN)
2.	What is being said about pupples?		Verb (V)
3.	Tumbled how?	Adve	erb (Adv)
4.		_Preposition (P)	
5.	In what?	Object of the prepor	sition (OP)
6.		_Article adjective (A)	
7.	What kind of puppies?	Adjec	ctive (Adj)
8.	How many puppies?	Adjec	ctive (Adj)
9.		_Article adjective (A)	
10.	Tumbled when?	Adve	erb (Adv)
11.	Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check-	- <u>SN V</u> P1	
12.		Prepositio	nal phrase
13.	Period, Statement, Declarative sentence	ee – D	
14.	Go back to the	· •	
15.	Divide the complete	from the complete	
16.	This sentence has predicate words in the beginning of the sentence twice.	ne complete subject. Underline the adverb at	the
Cla	ssify this sentence: Yesterday the six frisky	puppies tumbled playfully in the g	rass.
			1

Sentence 2: During the day the trisky kitten roamed merrily through the house.		
1.	What roamed merrily through the house	e?Subject noun (SN)
2.	What is being said about kitten?	Verb (V)
3.	Roamed how?	Adverb (Adv)
4.		_Preposition (P)
5.	Through what?	Object of the preposition (OP)
6.		_Article adjective (A)
7.	What kind of kitten?	Adjective (Adj)
8.		_Article adjective (A)
9.		_Preposition (OP)
	•	Object of the preposition (OP)
11.		_Article adjective (A)
12.	Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check-	- <u>SN V</u> P1
13		Prepositional phrase
		Prepositional phrase
	Period, Statement, Declarative sentence	
	Go back to the	
		from the complete
		he complete subject. Underline the prepositional phrase
Cla	ssify this sentence:	
	During the day the frisk	ky kitten roamed merrily through the house.

Sentence 3: Was the horse groomed carefully	for his master?
What was groomed carefully for his master?	Subject noun (SN)
2. What is being said about horse?	Verb (V)
3Helping ve	erb (HV)
4. Was groomed how?	Adverb (Adv)
5Prepositio	n (P)
6. For whom?	Object of the preposition (OP)
7. Whose master?	Possessive Pronoun Adjective (PPA)
8Article Adj	ective (A)
9. Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – sn v P1	
10	Prepositional phrase
11. Question mark, Question, Interrogative sentence -	- Int
12. Go back to the	
13. Divide the completefro	m the complete
14. This sentence has predicate words in the complete beginning of the sentence twice.	e subject. Underline the helping verb at the
Classify this sentence:	
Was the horse groomed	carefully for his master?

Sentence 4: After dark the hunted animal darted quickly foward safety.		
1.	What darted quickly toward safety?	Subject noun (SN)
2.	What is being said about animal?	Verb (V)
3.	Darted how?	Adverb (Adv)
4.	Pre	position (P)
5.	Toward what?	Object of the preposition (OP)
6.	What kind of animal?	Adjective (Adj)
7.	Arti	cle adjective (A)
8.	Pre	position (P)
9.	After what?	Object of the preposition (OP)
10.	Subject noun, Verb, Pattern 1, Check – SN P1	
11.		Prepositional phrase
12.		Prepositional phrase
13.	Period, Statement, Declarative sentence - I	
14.	Go back to the	
15.	Divide the complete	from the complete
16.	This sentence has predicate words in the coat the beginning of the sentence twice.	mplete subject. Underline the prepositional phrase
Cla	ssify this sentence:	
	After dark the hunted a	nimal darted quickly toward safety.

Pattern 2 Sentence (Direct object)

Sentence 1: Two birds built a nest.	
1. What built a nest?	Subject noun (SN)
2. What is being said about birds?	Verb (V)
3. Birds built what?	Verify the noun
4. Does nest mean the same thing as birds?	
5Direct object (DO)	
6Verb-transitive (V-t)	
7Article adjective (A)	
8. How many birds?	Adjective (Adj)
9. Subject noun, Verb-transitive, Direct object, Pattern 2 Check – SN V-t	
10Check again	
11. Period, Statement, Declarative sentence – D	
12. Go back to the	
13. Divide the completefrom the complete	
Classify this sentence: Two birds built a nest.	

Pattern 3 Sentence (Indirect object)

Sentence 3: The luminy magician showed my mends and me several near meas.		
1. Who showed my friends and me several neat trick	cs?Subject noun (SN)	
2. What is being said about magician?	Verb (V)	
3. Magician showed what?	Verify the noun	
4. Do tricks mean the same thing as magician?		
5	,	
6	Verb-transitive (V-t)	
7. Magician showed tricks to whom?	Compound Indirect Object (CIO)	
	Compound Indirect Object (CIO)	
8. What kind of tricks?	Adjective (Adj)	
9. How many tricks?	Adjective (Adj)	
10Conjunction (C)		
11. Whose friends?	Possessive Pronoun Adjective (PPA)	
12. What kind of magician?	Adjective (Adj)	
3Article adjective (A)		
14. Subject noun, Verb-transitive, Indirect object, Direct object, Pattern 3 Check - SN V-t IO DO P3		
15Check again		
16. Period, Statement, Declarative sentence - D	·	
17. Go back to the		
18. Divide the completefro	om the complete	
Classify this sentence: The funny magician showed my friends and me several neat tricks.		

Pattern 4 Sentence (Predicate noun)

Sentence 5: That large book on the shelf is a dictionary.			
What is a dictionary?	Subject noun (SN)		
2. What is being said about book?	Verb (V)		
3. Book is what?	Verify the noun		
4. Does dictionary mean the same thing as book?			
5Predicate noun (PrN)		
6Linking-verb (LV)		
7Article adjective	(A)· ·		
8Preposition (A)			
9. On what?	Object of the preposition (OP)		
10Article adjective	(A)		
11. What kind of book?	Adjective (Adj)		
12. Which book?	Adjective (Adj)		
13. Subject noun, Linking verb, Predicate noun, Pattern 4 Check – SN LV PrN P4			
14Check again			
15	Prepositional phrase		
16. Period, Statement, Declarative sentence – D			
17. Go back to the			
18. Divide the completefrom the c	complete		
Classify this sentence:			
That large book on the she	elf is a dictionary.		

Answer Key

Introducing the Subject Noun and Verb

Sentence 1: Candles burned.

1. Candles

2. Candles burned

sn v

Classified Sentence: Candles burned.

Sentence 2: Children shouted.

1. Children

2. Children shouted

SN

, v

Classified Sentence: Children shouted.

Introducing the Adjective, Adverb, and Article Adjective

Sentence 1:

The red candles burned brightly.

1. Candles

2. Candles burned

3. Brightly

4. Red

5. The

Sentence 3:

Soft snow fell yesterday.

1. Snow

2. Snow fell

3. Yesterday

4. Soft

Classified Sentence:

A Adj SN V Adv
The red candles burned brightly.

Classified Sentence:

Adj SN V Adv Soft snow fell yesterday.

Sentence 2:

The happy children shouted loudly.

1. Children

2. Children shouted

3. Loudly

4. Happy

5. The

Sentence 4:

A little boy ran away!

1. Boy

2. Boy ran

3. Away

4. Little

5. A

Classified Sentence:

A Adj SN V Adv

A little boy ran away!

01 10 10

Classified Sentence:

A Adj SN

The happy children shouted loudly.

Adv

Pattern 1, Complete subject/Complete predicate, End punctuation

Sentence 1: The red candles burned brightly.

- 1. Candles
- 2. Candles burned
- 3. Brightly
- 4. Red
- 5. The
- 6. See worksheet
- 7. See worksheet
- 8. Verb
- 9. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

A Adj SN V Adv SN V The red candles / burned brightly.

Sentence 2: The happy children shouted loudly.

- 1. Children
- 2. Children shouted
- 3. Loudly
- 4. Happy
- 5. The
- 6. See worksheet
- 7. See worksheet
- 8. Verb
- 9. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

A Adj SN V Adv
SN V
P1

Adv SN V
Adv
P1

Sentence 3: Soft snow fell yesterday.

- 1. Snow
- 2. Snow fell
- 3. Yesterday
- 4. Soft
- 5. See worksheet
- 6. See worksheet
- 7. Verb
- 8. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

Sentence 4: A little boy ran away!

- 1. Boy
- 2. Boy ran
- Away
- 4. Little
- 5. A
- 6. See-worksheet
- 7. See worksheet
- 8. Verb
- 9. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

A Adj SN V Adv SNV A little boy / ran away! E P1

Sentence 1: The large brown dusty leaves swirled around quickly.

- 1. Leaves
- 2. Leaves swirled
- 3. Around
- 4. Quickly
- 5. Dusty
- 6. Brown
- 7. Large
- 8. The
- 9. See worksheet
- 10. See worksheet
- 11. Verb
- 12. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

A Adj Adj SN V Adv Adv SN V The large brown dusty leaves / swirled around quickly. D

Sentence 2: One tiny gray kitten jumped playfully today.

- 1. Kitten
- 2. Kitten jumped
- 3. Playfully
- 4. Today
- 5. Gray
- 6. Tiny7. One
- 8. See worksheet
- 9. See worksheet
- 10. Verb
- 11. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

Adj Adj Adj SN V Adv Adv SNV One tiny gray kitten / jumped playfully today. DP1

Sentence 3: Several new red sleds raced merrily along.

- 1. Sleds
- 2. Sleds raced
- 3. Merrily
- 4. Along
- 5. Red
- 6. New
- 7. Several
- 8. See worksheet
- 9. See worksheet
- 10. Verb
- 11. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

Adj Adj SN V Adv Adv SN V Several new red sleds / raced merrily along. DP1

Sentence 4: All the frightened animals ran quickly away.

- 1. Animals
- 2. Animals ran
- 3. Quickly
- 4. Away
- 5. Frightened
- 6. The
- 7. All
- 8. See worksheet
- 9. See worksheet
- 10. Verb
- 11. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

Sentence 1: The large brown leaves swirled quickly around the yard.

- 1. Leaves
- 2. Leaves swirled
- 3. Quickly
- 4. Around
- 5. Yard
- 6. The
- 7. Brown
- 8. Large
- 9. The
- 10. See worksheet
- 11. (Around the yard)
- 12. See worksheet
- 13. Verb
- 14. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

A Adj Adj SN V Adv P A OP SN V The large brown leaves / swirled quickly (around the yard). D

Sentence 2: Several new sleds on the hill raced rapidly toward town.

- 1. Sleds
- 2. Sleds raced
- 3. Rapidly
- 4. Toward
- 5. Town
- 6. On
- 7. Hill
- 8. The
- 9. New
- 10. Several
- 11. See worksheet
- 12. (On the hill)
- 13. (Toward town)
- See worksheet
- 15. Verb
- 16. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

Adj Adj SN P A OP V Adv P OP SN V Several new sleds (on the hill) / raced rapidly (toward town). DP1

Sentence 1: Yesterday the six frisky puppies tumbled playfully in the grass.

- 1. Puppies
- 2. Puppies tumbled
- 3. Playfully
- 4. In
- 5. Grass
- 6. The
- 7. Frisky
- 8. Six
- 9. The
- 10. Yesterday
- 11. See worksheet
- 12. (In the grass)
- 13. See worksheet
- 14. Verb
- 15. Subject, Predicate
- 16. Yesterday (See Reference 15 on page 14 of Parent Help Booklet.)

Classified Sentence:

Adv A Adj Adj SN V Adv P A OP SN V Yesterday the six frisky puppies / tumbled playfully (in the grass). D

Sentence 2: During the day the frisky kitten roamed merrily through the house.

- 1. Kitten
- 2. Kitten roamed
- 3. Merrily
- 4. Through
- 5. House
- 6. The
- 7. Frisky
- 8. The
- 9. During
- 10. Day
- 11. The
- 12. See worksheet
- 13. (During the day)
- 14. (Through the house)
- 15. See worksheet
- 16. Verb
- 17. Subject, Predicate
- 18. During the day (See Reference 15 on page 14 of Parent Help Booklet.)

Classified Sentence:

P A OP A Adj SN V Adv P A OP SN V (During the day) the frisky kitten / roamed merrily (through the house). D P1

Sentence 3: Was the horse groomed carefully for his master?

- 1. Horse
- 2. Horse was groomed
- 3. Was
- 4. Carefully
- 5. For
- 6. Master
- 7. His
- 8. The
- 9. See worksheet
- 10. (For his master)
- 11. See worksheet
- 12. Verb
- 13. Subject, Predicate
- 14. Was (See reference 15 on page 14 of Parent Help Booklet.)

Classified Sentence:

HV A SN V Adv P PPA OP SN V Was the horse / groomed carefully (for his master)? Int P1

Sentence 4: After dark the hunted animal darted quickly toward safety.

- 1. Animal
- 2. Animal darted
- 3. Quickly
- 4. Toward
- 5. Safety
- 6. Hunted
- 7. The
- 8. After
- 9. Dark
- 10. See worksheet
- 11. (After dark)
- 12. (Toward safety)
- 13. See worksheet
- 14. Verb
- 15. Subject, Predicate
- 16. After dark (See reference 15 on page 14 of Parent Help Booklet.)

Classified Sentence:

P OP A Adj SN V Adv P OP SN V (After dark) the hunted animal / darted quickly (toward safety). D

Pattern 2 Sentence (Direct Object)

Sentence 1: Two birds built a nest.

- 1. Birds
- 2. Birds built
- 3. Nest
- 4. No
- 5. Nest
- 6. Built
- 7. A
- 8. Two
- 9. See worksheet
- 10. Verb-transitive
- 11. See worksheet
- 12. Verb
- 13. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

Adj SN V-t A DO

sn v-t Two birds / built a nest. p

DO P2

Pattern 3 Sentence (Indirect object)

Sentence 3: The funny magician showed my friends and me several neat tricks.

- 1. Magician
- 2.- Magician showed -----
- 3. Tricks
- 4. No
- 5. Tricks
- 6. Showed
- 7. Friends, me
- 8. Neat
- 9. Several
- 10. And
- 11. My
- 12. Funny
- 13. The
- 14. See worksheet
- 15. Verb-transitive
- 16. See worksheet
- 17. Verb
- 18. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

A Adj SN V-t PPA CIO C CIO Adj Adj DO SN V-t The funny magician / showed my friends and me several neat tricks. D DO P3

· Pattern 4 Sentence (Predicate noun)

Sentence 5: That large book on the shelf is a dictionary.

- 1. Book
- 2. Book is
- 3. Dictionary
- 4. Yes
- 5. Dictionary
- 6. Is
- 7. A
- 8. On
- 9. Shelf
- 10. The
- 11. Large
- 12. That
- 13. See worksheet
- 14. Linking verb
- 15. (On the shelf)
- 16. See worksheet
- 17. Verb
- 18. Subject, Predicate

Classified Sentence:

 $\frac{\text{Adj}}{\text{SN}}$ $\frac{\text{Adj}}{\text{Adj}}$ SN P A OP LV A PrN $\frac{\text{SN}}{\text{EV}}$ That large book (on the shelf)/is a dictionary. D PrN P4